# **Symptoms**

















## Symptoms of nocturnal low blood sugar

- Sweating
- Nightmares
- Restless sleep
- Headache on awakening

# What can cause low blood sugar?

- You skipped or delayed your meal.
- You ate fewer carbohydrates (sugars) than usual.
- You did a physical activity intensively or over a long period of time without adjusting your treatment or eating any carbohydrates.
- You drank alcohol on an empty stomach.
- You took too high a dose of your diabetes medication.

# Who is at risk of low blood sugar?

- You are taking a drug from the insulin secretagogues class:
  - Gliclazide (Diamicron® and Diamicron® MR),
  - Glimepiride (Amaryl®),
  - Glyburide (Diabeta®),
  - Repaglinide (GlucoNorm®).
- You inject yourself with insulin.

#### Questions about diabetes?

InfoDiabetes Service 514-259-3422 1-800-361-3504 infodiabete@diabete.qc.ca

**Diabetes School** 





diabete.qc.ca



# Sugar Symptoms and Actions to Take



# How to treat low blood sugar

1

## Measure your blood sugar.

If you have a glucose monitoring system and the result does not match your symptoms, verify your result with a fingertip reading.

2

#### Result between 2.8 and 3.9 mmol/L

Immediately take 15 g of fast-absorbing carbohydrates:

- 4 tablets of Dex4<sup>®</sup>;
- 15 ml (1 tbsp) of corn syrup, honey **or** maple syrup;
- 15 ml (1 tbsp or 4 sachets) of sugar dissolved in water;
- 150 ml (⅓ cup) of a **regular** soft drink, fruit beverage or fruit juice;
- 18 to 20 g of hard clear candy (e.g., 6 Life Savers®).

#### Result of less than 2.8 mmol/L

Immediately take 20 g of fast-absorbing carbohydrates:

- 5 tablets of Dex4<sup>®</sup>;
- 20 ml (4 tsp) of corn syrup, honey **or** maple syrup;
- 20 ml (4 tsp or 5 sachets) of sugar dissolved in water;
- 200 ml ( $\frac{3}{4}$  cup) of a **regular** soft drink, fruit beverage or fruit juice;
- 25 g of hard clear candy (e.g., 6 Life Savers®)

3

Wait for 15 minutes while resting.

4

# Measure your blood sugar again.

If the result is less than 4 mmol/L:

Treat again by following steps 2 to 4.

If the result is 4 mmol/L or more:

If your next meal is scheduled to be more than an hour away, have a snack containing 15 g of carbohydrates and a source of protein (e.g., 1 slice of bread with 30 g (1 oz.) of cheese).

Wait 40 minutes after treating low blood sugar before getting behind the wheel of a vehicle.

Find the cause of the low blood sugar and take steps so that the situation does not happen again.



# You are unconscious and need assistance from another person. This person should:

- 1. Lay you on your side and not make you drink or eat anything;
- 2. Stop your insulin pump, if you are wearing one;
- 3. Administer glucagon (by nose or injection);
- 4. Call 911;
- **5.** Check your blood sugar 15 minutes after administering glucagon.

# If you regain consciousness:

Take 15 g of fast-absorbing carbohydrates.

# If you tolerate it:

Take an additional 30 g of carbohydrates with a source of protein (e.g., a bowl of cereal with milk).

### You will need emergency care at home provided by an emergency service, or you should be rushed to the hospital if:

- You do not regain consciousness;
- You are not able to tolerate taking 15 g of fast-absorbing carbohydrates;
- You are confused:
- You are having seizures.